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eccasional books of sterling merit and

should be at his best in this new one-

for it is the story of an adventure on the

Mississippi and its interesung "ramily of

Rivers," a section of our country with

which Mr. Eggleston is familiar by asso-

cation and bringing up. In fact, one of the caief characters in his new story-the boy

Ed-is said to be modeled upon the boy-

head of his aistinguished brother, Dr. Ed-

ward Eggleston, chronicler of Hoosier

schoolmasters and schoolboys. "The Last

of the Flatbcats" is based upon an adventurous trip on a flatboat, for recreation

and revenue, from a little Indiana town to

New Orleans, and is said by those who

have read the advance sheets to combine

tion about "the wonderful river"-the Mis-

sissippi. The illustrations, by Charlotte Harding, are pronounced as full of the sen-

There has come about, say the publishers,

Doubleday, Page & Co., an incorrect im-

pression concerning the character of M

Zola's great series of novels in which he

expects to depict what he considers the

ticular to portray France as a nation.

The first work, "Fruitfulness," which will

be ready in the English translation im-

mediately, (and is to be followed by

story of a young man who meets the usual

creasing family. He and his wife eventu-

ally decide to go to the earth herself for

their support; they secure an abandoned

petency and a support for their family.

The book is carried out on heroic lines,

and M. Zola has given permission to the

translator, Mr. Vizetelly, to make what-

ever changes he thought desirable for the

English market. In doing this, the trans-

lator has cut out something like 100,000

words. The book will be published May

Books Received.

"The City Problem," a discussion of the

"Gracia," a social tragedy in blank

verse, by Frank E. Plummer. Chicago:

"Socialism, Utopian and Scientific," by

Frederick Engels, translated from the Ger-

man by Edward Aveling. Chicago: Charles

"The Reward of Prince Cheerfulness," a

tale by Ruth Lewinson, intended to por-

tray the merit of cheerfulness. New York:

"The Stateroom Opposite," a novel by

Arthur H. Veysey, author of "A Cheque for Three Thousand." New York: G. W.

CLARK'S CASE MAY DIE

SENATE MAY NOT ACT, EXCEPT ON

NEW CREDENTIALS.

Plans for the Nicaraguan Canal Bill-

Conference Reports-Two Code Bills

Hold the House Right of Way.

WASHINGTON, May 20 .- Senator Chan-

dler has given notice that he will ask the

Senate to take up the resolution concerning

the election of Senator Clark, of Montana,

at 1 o'clock Monday, but it now appears

probable that the resolution may go over

again. There is no understanding that the

consideration of this resolution shall be

controlled by the course of Senator Clark

with reference to the presentation of his

credentials as a senator under his ap-

pointment from the Governor of Montana,

but so far a disposition has been mani-

fested to allow them to travel together,

and it is now the understanding in the Sen-

ate that Mr. Clark will not present the cre-

dentials. It is therefore probable that the

entire Clark matter may be indefinitely

postponed for lack of prosecution, and that

no more may be heard of it during the ses

sion. If, however, Mr. Clark should change

Chandler would move to refer them to the

effort would be made to have the resolu-

tions bearing on Mr. Clark's original elec-

tion considered. Mr. Chandler, indeed, may

The postoffice appropriation bill will con-

tinue to receive attention Monday if the

Clark case does not displace it. Senator

Spooner has given notice of a speech on

canal bill made the unfinished business.

tion will be resisted, but the indications

are that if a vote is reached the motion

will prevail. Whether the bill shall pass,

however, will depend on the length of the

debate. At this late day in the session

prolonged debate would be fatal to almost

There will be several conference reports

on appropriation bills to be considered dur-

ing the week, and possibly all of the ap-

brought in. These bills are the sundry

tary Academy bills. These are the last

of the appropriation bills, and there is no

reason why all of them should not be re-

bills finally disposed of and the pending conference reports adopted, the Senate will

be prepared to meet the House in a move-

ment to adjourn. There does not now ap-

pear any necessity for the postponement

Two Code Bills Under Way.

WASHINGTON, May 20.-The Alaskan

code bill and the District of Columbia code

willing to allow to go through. To-mor-

row is District of Columbia day and later

in the week the anti-trust bill and resolu-

tion reported by the judiciary committee

may be considered. The St. Louis fair bill.

if it is agreed to by the committee on Tues-

day, also may be considered. The bill to

meet the case of Neely, which the attorney

general is anxious should pass at once,

doubtless will be acted on during the week.

May Have Committed Suicide.

ung Englishman who has preached in a

mber of Chicago mission churches, has

CHICAGO, May 20 .- Samuel Wyatt,

disappeared, leaving letters in which he

said he would kill himself. He said he is

a brother of the Rev. Paul Wyatt, one of

the Queen's chaplains, Chapel Royal, Savoy, and of W. F. Wyatt, of Hot Springs.

S. D. In a letter to the police Wyatt said he had been persecuted by two clergymen in England. Wyatt said he has a wife in

of this event beyond the 11th of June.

ported within the next week. With these

call up the resolution independently of the

municipal problem, by A. A. Hoskin. New

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tience wrest from the soil itself

"Truth" and "Justice") tells the

timent and interest of the story.

dramatic interest with a world of informa-

INVALID'S RUBBER GOODS. Air Beds. Pillow and Chair Cushions, Hospital ings, Urinals, Bed Pans, Fountain and Bulb yringes, Hot Water Bottles, Stomach Tubes and Shower Baths. Bath Cabinets.

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current table of contents the following: 'American Trade Ascendency," "Men and Methods in Cuba," "Germany's Great Food Problem," "Our Foreign Trade and Its Possibilities," "Certain Phases of the Road Subject," "The Gold Standard in Japan, "Recent Decisions of the Higher Courts,"
"Our English Literature" and "The Story of the Plague in Honolulu

The Successful American devotes itself to furnishing biographical sketches of men who became prominent in the business, so cial and political life of this country. The biographies are prepared with care, and so much attention is given to ancestry and miai alliances, as well as to personal careers, that the volumes of the periodical will in time be invaluable to pedigree hunters, who now find the tracing of their names back beyond a generation or so a difficult matter, owing to lack of accessible records. It is for other uses that this excellent periodical is designed, but if it serves this purpose, so much the better. The fine half-tone portraits add to the value of the magazine.

Publishers' Notes.

he has purchased from M. Edmond Rostand the American copyright of his new play, "L'Aiglon," and will publish the English translation in America simultaneously with the publication of the book in England and in Paris.

A. C. McClurg & Co., Chicago, have published a novel entitled "Oh, What a Plague is Love!" by Katherine Tynan (Mrs. Hinkson), author of "The Dear Irish Girl," "The Handsome Brandons," etc. It is unlike her other stories, being a tale of English, not Irish life.

Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney will immediately publish, through Houghton, Mifflin & Co., a little book on "The Integrity of Christian Science." She points out what she regards es mistakes in the present teaching, and offers what seems to her a much needed corrective, which would secure to Christian lence greater completeness

Other books than novels have big circulations these days. The Frederick A. Stokes Company says: "Five hundred and thirty thousand copies of 'The Transvaal from Within' have now been printed for Great Britain and her colonies and for America." Unquestionably this book is entitled to the place of honor among works on the Anglo-Boer question.

"The Farringdons," the new novel by Ellen Thorneycroft Fowler, author "Concerning Isabel Carnaby," is pronounced by Dr. Robertson Nicoll and other English critics, the best and most brilliant book which this successful author has written. The first English edition is 35,-000 copies, and the advance orders sent to the American publishers, the Messrs. Ap-

pleton, are said to be very large. The "Vest-pocket Standard Spanish-English English-Spanish Dictionary," just issued by Messrs, Laird & Lee, of Chicago, is an extremely well arranged and useful little book. It contains a surprisingly large vocabulary and the figured pronunciation of every word given in both languages also a collection of English and Spanish dioms, together with a series of maps and statistics. It is a companion to the "Vestpocket Spanish Instructor," issued by the

Little, Brown & Co. announce the publication of "A Dream of a Throne, the Story of a Mexican Revolt," by Charles F. Embree. The events take place around the shores of Lake Chapala, with which a long residence in Mexico has made the author thoroughly familiar. There are many descriptions of the beauties of the lake and the surrounding mountains, ruins are described, and one is given glimpses of primitive peoples with simple customs. The period of the story is 1845.

"Unleavened Bread" is the unusual title given by Mr. Robert Grant to his new book, published by the Scribners, which is a novel of modern American social life. The heroine of Mr. Grant's story is an ambitious woman, determined to win recognition in the world, and the study of her character and the portrayal of her career present a striking picture of contemporary social life. The novel is certain to provoke wide discussion, and, judging from the large advance orders received previous to I his mind and put in his credentials Senator its publication, is assured of a great suc-

During Paderewski's travels he has been working upon "The Century Library of Music," which the Century Company wil soon begin to publish with Mr. Paderewski as editor-in-chief. It will appear in twenty volumes, containing richly illustrated arupon the great composers of the world, written by other composers, and with music which will include the cream of dano-forte literature, including Paderewski's entire repertoire, each piece newly fingered, phrased and pedal-marked, according to the latest and highest standards. The work is being prepared under Paderewski's personal supervision first volume will appear in Septem-

So much has been said and written of the destruction of live birds that sportsand illustrated a book on "Bird Homes," which is just published by Doubleday & McClure Co. With infinite pains, extending over years, Mr. Dugmore has suc ir taking camera pictures of the characteristic poses. He gives careful direcreal benefit, how to identify nests and eggs. and study the birds through them, how young birds can be brought up and tamed -and indeed, has written a new bird book on new lines. It is elaborately illustrated with colored plates and black and white

issue by Lothrop Publishing Company. Mr. Eggleston, in spite of his duties as a busy New York journalist, finds time for semi-



cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

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AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

ception and Afflicted with Mr. Sulzer and Others.

DEMAND FOR INTERVENTION

AT THE BIG MEETING.

Purity and Charity of the Burgher Enlogized and His Claim on This Country Emphasized.

WASHINGTON, May 20 .- An audience remarkable for its size, sympathy and enthuslasm greeted the Boer envoys at the reception given in their honor to-night at the Grand Opera House under the auspices of the congressional and citizens' committee. Long before the time for the meeting to open the house was crowded to suffocation, and many were turned away, unable to gain admittance. The interior was appropriately decorated with the national tri-colors of both the United States and

the Transvaal. While official Washington was not represented in any manner there were probably thirty members of the Senate and the House occupying seats in the auditorium and on the stage. Speaker Henderson was in a box, and others presfinancial difficulty in bringing up his in- ent were Senators Daniel of Virginia, Teller, Tillman, Pettigrew, Mason and Wellington; Representatives Shafroth, Walter, R. H. Russell, New York, announces that and desert tract, and by work and pa- | Slayden, Glynn, Ruppert, Gaines, Latimer, Greene, Henry of Massachusetts, Hay, De Armond, Clark of Missouri, Miers, and

Rhea of Kentucky. One of the boxes, it was stated, had been reserved for the President, a committee having been sent to the White House with tickets of admission to the opera house but no representative of the President's official household was on hand. Chairman Sulzer, of the reception committee, presided, and a number of addresses, all patriotic in character and earnestly supporting the cause of the Boers, were made, the speakers including Messrs. Fischer, Wolmarans and Wessels, the Boer envoys, Senator Wellington, Bourke Cockran, of New York, and Mr. Sulzer. The invocation was pronounced by the Rev. Father Mackin, of this city. Chairman Sulzer was the first speaker. After welcoming the envoys and emphatically stating that the occasion was nonpartisan and nonpolitical in character,

he said in part: "In my judgment nine-tenths of the American people are against England in this bloody war of conquest for sordid gain, and in sympathy with the Boers The best thought of England condemns the conflict, and the awakening conscience of the British empire demands peace, with honor, in the name of humanity, Christianity and civilization.

SAME OLD COMPARISON. "In 1776 the patriot fathers of this Republic fought England to gain our inde pendence. The South African patriots are to-day fighting the same country to maintain their independence. That is the only difference. We sympathized with Poland with Hungary, with Greece, with all the South American republics, with Armenia and with Cuba in their struggles for freedom. Many we helped. Why, I ask, in the name of all that is just and honorable, in the name of our glorious past, should we now refuse to lend our moral support, our sympathy and our aid to the patriots of South Africa? Is American sentiment

"England is now and always has been the aggressor against the Boers, and compelled the Boers to strike first. The Boers will never surrender their love of liberty. They can only be conquered by being exterminated, and England must not be permitted to exterminate them and steal their nomes. Her criminal march of devastation must and will be checked. God grant that the English army may never reach Pre-

The three Boers were introduced in turn by Mr. Sulzer, and each of them was given a cordial reception. Their remarks were listened to with close attention. The audience gave a standing greeting to Commissioner Fischer, who told his hearers why the envoys had come to this country, and what they hoped to accomplish. His committee on privileges and elections, and I remarks were very much in line with what

whether here in the hearts of the people of a great sister republic the spirit of more than a hundred years ago is still alive, whether the centiment that caused its people to take up arms to obtain its freedom is strong enough to recognize the you as a great liberty loving people, in whom the sense of justice and fair play is strong and look to you to find a practical scheme to obtain peace with justice speak to you as brother republicans and the Philippine question for Monday at-1 to ask for a hearing, and hope to obtain The receptions which we have been ances received from all parts of the country, that the sympathy of the people is

> possible, and whether we get assistance or not, we appreciate the kindly feeling which has been manifested for us." EULOGY OF HIS PEOPLE. Commissioner Wessels's speech was a

with us. We look to you to help us, if

and of the whole world. "We are doing the fighting," he said, "and have kind friends in America who will do the speak-Mr. Wolmarans, who spoke in Dutch said to the audience that while the envoys did expect to be sympathetically received in this country, yet they did not anticipate that they would receive such a strong welcome as had been shown to them in New York city and the capital of the Nation He knew, however, it could not be different, because the people of this country have the same love of liberty and sense of justice that the Boers had, and their sym-

pathy would be a help to them in their ances and was cheered to the echo by the icans we always had held all men entitled alike to life, liberty and the pursuit of hap piness. If this was true in America, he said, why not in South Africa? Some one in the audiencea sked: "Why not in the Philippines, also?" to which the senator added his assent. He wished Godspeed to the envoys in their mission and success England had been our enemy at Bunker Hill, Yorktown, New Orleans and in the civil war, when she made an alliance with friend to-day than she was a hundred years ago. We had grown strong and mighty.

dress he paid a beautiful tribute to Abra-ham Lincoln and declared that England had not produced, since the days of Cromwell, a statesman that compared with Lin-coln. The senator expressed the opinion that it was reserved for the Boer and the burgher to obtain the very sublimity of moral and physical courage. "Shall you and I, enjoying the full heritage of liberty," he asked, "not give them aid? I

He predicted, in closing, that no matter what might be the result of the diplomatic course of the envoys, this government could not long stand in opposition to the manifestations of sympathy expressed by the people for the Boers. MR. COCKRAN'S SPEECH.

Mrs. Edith L. Lamb recited "The Spirit of '76" and presented an American flag to Mrs. Fischer, the wife of one of the envoys, following which Bourke Cockran, of New York, delivered an address. Mr. Cockran spoke for over half an hour. His address was a scholarly effort, touching on the Monroe doctrine, the character of the Boers and a review of features of English affairs. He strongly advocated upholding the Monroe doctrine, recalling Secretary Root's words that we must be prepared to fight for it, and adding that the latter must be gratified at the hearty response which had been made throughout the country. Referring to Canada and its proximity to the United States, he said he believed, as an English possession, it was a menace to the Monroe doctrine. Some humorous reference was made to the recent action of the Senate, in closing the doors while discussing the resolution of sympathy for the Boer republic, which led Mr. Cockran to express the belief that if the day had come when the Americans were fearful to express their views then the Nation's growth had not been in the way of true greatness, but of weakness. He vigorously attacked the British government for various political measures and said that it never hesitated to engage in a cheme of plunder, and had followed this up in the present case by misrepresentation and slander. He believed that the opportunity of this country had arrived whether or not there would be interference from the administration, the people know that means would be found to stop this injury to civilization which is now going on. A duty must be performed to the people of England, of the Transvaal and to the whole human race, in every part

Senator Wellington was instructed by unanimous vote of the audience to present in the Senate Senator Teller's resolution A collection of money was asked for in aid of the widows and orphans of the Boer soldiers, and upwards of \$800 was raised for that purpose. Senator Mason delivered the closing speech of the evening.

Envoys Invited to Knoxville. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., May 20.-The City Council of Knoxville, by resolution unanimously passed, has invited the Boer commissioners now in this country to visit Knoxville. Mayor Heiskell will formally

extend the invitation. SITUATION IS UNCHANGED

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN THE SAN FRANCISCO PLAGUE.

Orientals Refuse to Be Inoculated but the Health Board Is Enforcing a Cast-Iron Rule.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—There are no new developments in the plague situation. No new cases have been discovered and the situation remains practically unchanged. This announcement was made by the Board of Health to-night. The inoculation of Chinese and Japanese is quietly going on From unofficial sources it is learned that nine Japanese and eleven Chinese were inoculated with haffkine yesterday, and twenty Japanese and fifty Chinese to-day. At all the exits of the city doctors are stationed and unless Chinese exhibit certificates of inoculation they are not allowed to pass the city limits. The declaration of the Board of Health has produced no alarm outside that section. The chief feature of the situation lies in the opposition of the Chinese and Japanese to inoculation. The opinion of the Board of Health is that the circumstances do not warrant the quarantining of the Chinese district or the compelling of its inhabitants to submit to inoculation so long as they remain in the city. Only those desiring to leave the city are required to be inoculated. The Chinese and Japanese have retained counsel to contest the matter in the courts, should the Board of Health resort to forcible meas-

The Chinese consul general said he would take no action until he is more surely inormed as to the plans of the Board of Health or until some development in the situation requires him to take action. Business was suspended in the Chinese quarters to-day, and knots of Chinese stood on the streets discussing the situation and expressing their determination not to submit to inoculation. They say they would rather die from the plague than

WILL BE PROSECUTED.

Christian Scientists Who Connived at

TOPEKA, Kan., May 20.-The Masonic order of Topeka, particularly the Knights Templars, is planning to prosecute local Christian Scientists, who, they say, were responsible for the death of Mrs. John M. Torrence. Mr. Torrence was, up to the time of his death, eight months ago, chief clerk in the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe car service department here. He was a leading Mason. His wife died yesterday from typhoid fever. She was a Christian Scientist, and, with the local healers, resisted the demands of her friends that a

Mrs. Whitlock, of Chicago, mother of Mrs. Torrence, was, it is asserted, refused permission to see her daughter, but finally aker, the scientist in charge, said, testifyng at the coroner's inquest, that Mrs. Torrence was killed by the shock of surprise at seeing her mother, and not by the lack

The coroner's jury rendered the following verdict: "Mrs. J. M. Torrence came to her death by peritonitis (general) caused by perforation of the intestines, due to typhoid fever. The case was under Christian Scientist management and had no medical care or treatment, and, in our opinion, she did not have intelligent care which would give her any possible chance for recovery.'

WHEELMAN PORTER HURT.

Abrupt Finish to a Twenty-Five-Mile Race at Cincinnati.

CINCINATI, May 20.-The twenty-fiveter, of Detroit, and John Nelson, of Chicago, was abruptly ended by Porter falling from his wheel at the end of the seventeenth mile and suffering such injuries that he could not proceed. Up to the tenth mile honors were even, but after that Nelson had a good lead. At the seventeenth mile Porter closed the gap and got a slight mile of the Porter-Nelson race was made In 1:38 2-5, and the average was 1:45. The five-mile race between the motors was improvised. The teams were closely matched, and a finish was made by Nelson's team slightly in the lead in 9:03. In the minor events Heydon Michel won the mile novice in 2:23 2-5. H. Gieskemeyer won the mile amateur in 2:24. D. and J there would be no more attacks by England on this country. In the course of his adex of the country of the course of his adex of his a

NINE MONTHS' RECORD AN TRADE WITH ASIA AND OCEANICA.

Commercial Statistics of Two Years Compared-Estimates for the Closing Fiscal Year Are Favorable.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, May 20.-Exports Asla and Oceanica in the fiscal year which ends with the month of June will, for the first time in our history, exceed \$100,000,000. In no part of the world has our export trade grown with such amazing rapidity, with the single exception of Africa. In 1893 our total exports to all Asia and Oceanica amounted to only \$27,421,851, so that in the fiscal year now about to end they will be their adjustment to modern requirements about four times as great as those of eight years earlier. Imports from that part of the world are also growing rapidly because of large increase in the share our sugar supply which now comes from the islands of the Pacific. More than one half the sugar imported into the United States now comes from the East Indies and Hawaiian islands. Of the 2,891,806,558 pounds imported into the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1900, 1,553,415,397 pounds came from the East Indies and the Philippine and Hawaiian islands, the amount from the East Indies alone being 1,143,025,446 pounds; from the Hawaiian islands, 360,899,409 pounds and from the Philippines 49,490,542. The quantity imported from the Philippines in the nine months ending with March, 1900, is three times as much as in the corresponding months of 1898, and from the East Indies it is two and one-half times as much as in the corresponding period of 1898. The growth in exports to Asia and Ocean-

visions and manufactures. Exports of agriin the nine months ending with March, cation that the imperial treasury will not | 832, the Reactionaries 8,519, the Nationalists were \$609,323, against \$349,550 in the corresponding months of 1898. Exports of flour to China in the nine months ending with March, 1900, were 46,961 brls, against 14.616 brls in the same months of 1898; to Japan, 417,430 brls, against 107,401 brls in the same months of 1898, and to Hong-Kong, 1,009,248 bris, against 647,688 bris in the same months of 1898. Carriages and cars to Australia amounted to \$412,254, against \$251,802 in the corresponding months of 1898 cotton cloth to China in the nine months ending with March, 1900, was 156,830,255 yards, against 77,990,676 yards in the corresponding months of 1898. Raw cotton exported to Japan amounted in the nine months ending with March, 1900, to \$11.517,-968, as against \$5.843,710 in the same months of 1898. Builders' hardware exported to Asia and Oceanica in the nine months ending with March, 1900, amounted to \$1,254,-000, an increase of 50 per cent. over the same months of 1898, while boots and shoes to Asia and Oceanica in the nine months ending with March, 1900, reached nearly one million dollars, against a quarter of a million in the same months of 1898.

The following table shows the value of our exports to Asia and Oceanica and to the principal divisions of that part of the world in the nine months ending

March, 1898 and 1900, respectively: All Asia and Oceanica.\$48,099,673 All Asia 32,225,720 All Oceanica 15,875,953 Hawaiian islands 4,299,000 10,214,136 Hong-Kong 4,451,667 6.101.442 Philippine islands .. Asiatic Russia

Vessels Trading in Porto Rico. WASHINGTON, May 20.-The division of customs and insular affairs of the War Department made public to-day a statement of the total number of vessels that

entered the ports of Porto Rico for the first three months of 1900. The statement shows that during the period named 257 vessels entered the several ports of the island, with a tonnage of 294,964. During the month of January 81 vessels, with a tonnage of 98,236, entered the several ports of the island; during February the same number entered the several ports of the sland with a tonnage of 89,383, and during the month of March 95 vessels entered the several ports of the island with a tonnage of 107,345. Of the total number of vessels that entered the several ports of the island during the first three months of 1900 114, with a tonnage of 129,020, sailed under the American flag.

No Profit in Making Ice.

WASHINGTON, May 20 .- In reply to inquiries regarding the possibilities of manufactured ice in Central and South America he United States consular officers in the principal cities, at the instance of the State Department, have prepared and submitted reports upon this subject. The consuls animously agree that, from a number of auses, the profitable manufacture of ice in the countries of South and Central America is anything but encouraging, and at present is distinctly unfavorable.

RELATIONS WITH GERMANY.

Consul General Mason His Issued a Significant Report.

WASHINGTON, May 20 .- Under cover of an annual report of the trade relations of Germany, Consul General Mason, at has published the "Commercial Relations," merce, State Department, some exceedingly important statements relative to the present conditions governing trade between Germany and the United States. Still more important are the predictions made by Mr. Mason as to the treatment Germany has in store for United States trade at competitive points hereafter, and his warnings to Americans of the German purpose to demand far higher import duties, especially against United States products. Mr. Mason says Germany has been paralyzed at the enormous upward bound of the foreign trade of the United States, and as German merchants have come to the conclusion that this prosperity is attributable entirely to the United States tariff laws. and arguing that a similar policy could not fail to benefit Germany, they propose a revision of their tariff on the line of a general and heavy increase of duties, especially on imports from the United

Mr. Mason has much to say about the teadily growing irritation exhibited by the German press against the United States. and the criticisms of the trades papers of our customs officers, who are charged with practicing chicanery, in their efforts to prevent undervaluations of German exports to the United States. Complaints are made against Germans acting as agents for the sale of American or English goods, courage the taking of foreign pupils in German technical schools. The report treats also of the great growth of the German trade in the east, resulting from the new policy of the government and its determination to obtain a share of what farsighted statesmen recognize as the chief commercial prize of the twentieth cenury-the trade of China. German trade with China has increased 70 per cent. in the last four years, and German capital is being invested with an audacity which seeking foreign trade. In conclusion Mr.

Mason had this to say: "There is, therefore, every probability that the new tariff and such amended special treaties as Germany may consent to enact will modify essentially the commercial relations of the empire with other It is not to be denied or or looked that while the attitude of the im perial government toward our country has and resentment which did not exist prior to 1898. The heavy balance of trade which the United States now holds against the fatherland; the decline in textile exports,

and the sharpened customs regulations against undervaluations; the concessions recently granted to France, and, above all, the enormous growth of American manufactured exports; the aggressive com petition of American metal and other products in South American and eastern mar-kets-all these weigh heavily on the hearts of the people here, and will be hard fought when the new tariff and treaties come to open debate in the Reichstag. What most enlightened thinkers expect, or at least hope for, is that out of all these mutations will come a broad, liberal comprehensively framed treaty, or a series of treaties, between the United States and Germany, in which all the vexed and irritating ques tions relating to naturalized citizenship countervailing duties and port charges on vessels shall be regulated, and liberal justice to imports of food products secured by reciprocal concessions and embodied in per-

manent conventions between the two coun "Rivals and competitors in foreign fields South America, Africa and Asia-the Union and German empire will always be, but this is no reason why the two nations should not be, in their direct relations with each other, harmonious and mutually considerate, and this result can be in no way so effectively promoted as by an in-telligent revision of obsolete treaties, and and conditions."

HUGE DEBT WIPED OUT

RUSSIA HAS PAID OVER FIVE HUN-DRED MILLION DOLLARS.

Curkey Disturbed by Russian Note Berlin Street-Car Strike-Sousa's Concert-French Elections.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 20 .- An imperial ukase has been published announcing the redemption of the debt of the imperial treasury to the state bank for bank notes issued for the purpose of meeting expenses of the wars of 1853-56 and 1877-78. It provides that henceforward no bank notes ica is chiefly in cotton, breadstuffs, pro- shall be issued to meet the requirements

cultural machinery to British Australasia This liquidation is regarded as an indi- 33,942 communes the Republicans won 24,-

In 1881 the war debt of the treasury the Bank of Russia aggregated 964,000,000 When M. De Witte, Russian min-1892, the debt still totaled 742,000,000 rubles. This entire amount has been extinguished

within less than eight years. Russia Disturbs the Porte. CONSTANTINOPLE, May 20.-The Russian embassy has considerably perturbed governmental and diplomatic circles here by inviting the immediate attention of the Porte to the deplorable situation of many districts of Armenia resulting from brutal methods of collecting taxes and from persecutions, which has driven many to emprace Islamism, while whole communities

WELCOMED TO HAMBURG.

are preparing to emigrate to Russia.

New York Kriegerbund Given a Warm Official Greeting.

HAMBURG, May 20.-The New York Kriegerbund delegation was welcomed in the town hall this afternoon by the Hamburg Senate. The president and first burgomaster, J. G. Monckeberg, extended hearty welcome to the guests, and in the course of his address referred to the cordial relations between Germany and the United States. He then presented to the visitors a handsome banner for the society. Mr. Muller responded, after which luncheon was served. The visitors subsequently reviewed a large civic procession from the balcony and were heartily cheered by an

Finally the Americans marched at the ead of the procession to the war monu ment, where Mr. Muller deposited a laurel wreath bearing the German inscription, "Kriegerbund, New York, on the German faith." The guests then visited the zoological gardens.

SOUSA'S BAND CONCERT.

Great Enthusiasm Evoked at the Cap-

ital of Germany. BERLIN, May 20.-Sousa's Band gave a concert this afternoon in Kroll's Garden. In spite of the unfavorable weather there was a large attendance. The American colony in Berlin was well represented, among those present being Ambassador White and Mrs. White, John B. Jackson, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Jackson, and United States Consul General Mason and Mrs. Mason. the request of Mr. White, the band played "The Watch on the Rhine," and there was The band will play before Emperor William on his return from Wiesbaden. It will remain here until May 27 and then go on a

Rioting on the Berlin Streets.

six weeks' tour in the principal German

BERLIN, May 20.-This afternoon crowds in sympathy with the tramway strikers stoned the cars. The police interfered and were themselves stoned. They replied with were hurt on each side. The crowds lingered about, but by 8 o'clock the cars were running. Police who were off duty have been ordered on forthwith. Most of the people side with the strikers, who demand a ten-hour working day, instead of fourteen hours, and a minimum monthly wage of 90 marks, instead of 85, together with a early increase of 5 marks until 130 marks

NOT UNDER DISCUSSION.

"Americanism" Did Not Figure

Corrigan's Papal Audience. ROME, May 20.-It is asserted at the Vatican that Archbishop Corrigan's visit statu quo. The Pope is devoting himself vexed subject as "Americanism." was very brief. He confined himself to describing the progress of his diocese and presented to the Pope an album containing views of edifices constructed during the

The Great Passion Play. OBERAMMERGAU, May 20.-The dress rehearsal of the Passion Play was attended by 4,000 people to-day, many Americans being present. The tragedy of the crucifixion ed. It was an all-day performance, with biblical tableaux of the scenes preceding the crucifixion intervening. Herr Anton Lang the Christus of this year's produc-

tion, is a man of fine presence, chastened

beauty, and devout, thoughtful demean-

or. He attended early mass before the

last decade. The topic of "Americanism" was not under consideration.

Australian Liberal Defeated. ADELAIDE, South Australia, May 20 .-Charles Cameron Kingston, premier and attorney general of South Australia, has been defeated in the legislative council elections. Mr. Kingston, who is an adrenced Liberal in politics, was president of the national Australasian federal convention, which sat ir Adelaide, Sydney and felbourne in 1897 and 1898 and which ramed the bill to establish the commonwealth of Australia.

Enormous Republican Majority. PARIS, May 20 .- The official statement of the final results of the French municipal known until to-day, shows that, out of

Spring

Is gladly welcomed for the vitality, freshness and purity it gives everything in nature; its cleansing showers and sunshine remove, dissolve and disinfect unhealthful accumulations. It

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When our physical systems need to be cleansed and invigorated with Hood's Sarsaparilla. This good medicine expels all the badness that has gathered in the blood and enriches and vitalizes the life current. If you take Hood's

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438. Thus, outside of Paris, the Republicant have secured an enormous majority.

Will Investigate Yellow Jack.

LIVERPOOL, May 20. - The managing committee of the Liverpool School of Tropical Diseases will shortly dispatch an expedition to the Amazon to investigate the yellow fever. The expedition will proceed by way of Baltimore, where its members will confer with experts at Johns Hopkins University.

Phoenix Park Criminals Sailed. QUEENSTOWN, May 20 .- Joseph Mullet and James Fitzharris, alias "Skin the Goat," who were recently liberated from life imprisonment for the Phoenix Park murders, sailed for the United States today by the Lucania. They hope that a fund will be raised for them in America.

New Hamburg-American Line. BERLIN, May 20 .- In July the Hamburg-American Steamship Company will estabish an independent service to the northern ports of Brazil.

Ottawa Fire Relief Fund. LONDON, May 21 .- The Mansion House fund for the relief of the victims of the Ottawa fire has reached £50,000.

TWO SUNDAY SESSIONS.

Addresses by Delegates from Mexico and Cuba-Convention Sermon.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 20 .- The National Conference of Charities held two Sunday sessions. In the morning the Rev. Charles Frederick Wines, of Washington, preached to the conference a sermon on "The Healing

Dr. Plutatio Ornelas, a delegate from Mexico, addressed the conference in the evening on the subject of "Charities in Mexico." He traced the growth of liberty in Mexico from its inception to the present time. Mexico, he said, was now enjoying the highest grade of freedom of speech and of the press. As an outgrowth of this liberty, charitable institutions has been started over the country, all of which were no being conducted on strict scientific principles. Dr. Ornelas said that all grades of unfortunates were being cared for and that the appropriations by the general govern-

ment were most liberal. General E. Sanchez Agrimonte and Migue R. Saurez, delegates from Cuba, told of the progress of charity in Cuba Governor Stanley, of Kansas, made ar

ddress on "Conditional Pardons." The

Governor said he had put that system into

effect in the State penitentiary, and was enthusiastic over the results.

AT THE CRESCENT CITY.

for Their Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, May 20.-The delegates and special train and steamboat excurtional officers were among the night's ar-

day, when there will be a parade through the streets, with unique features. At night there will be a reception at the Athenae Wednesday, a banquet at the lake shore Thursday, a special night at Athletic Park; Friday, a special reception by the Missouri delegation, and on Saturday there will be a steamboat trip and a day on a Louisians The order has increased to 16,262 membership and has a cash balance of over

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Assist nature in her efforts to shake off cough or cold, or she may revenge herself by giving up the contest. Remember that with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for an ally, she will extinguish the worst cough in a few days. Sold by Druggists.

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